HALIFAX MINERVA.

VOL. I. HALIFAX, N. C. OCTOBER 8, 1829. NO. 34

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
BY JOHN CAMPBELL.

CONDITIONS.

☞ The Minerva will be printed every Thursday morning at $2 50 per annum, in advance, or $3 if payment is not made within 3 months.

☞ No paper to be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the Editor; and a failure to notify a discontinuance will be considered as a new engagement.

☞ Advertisements, making twenty lines or less, inserted three times for One Dollar, and twenty-five cents for every subsequent insertion. Longer ones in proportion. All advertisements will be continued unless otherwise ordered, and each continuance charged.

, Letters to the Editor must be *post paid*, or they will not be attended to

NEW GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED, BY
R. KINGSBURY,
At the Brick Store.
A variety of Fashionable and Seasonable Staple and Fancy
DRY GOODS:
Among which are many CHEAP and ELEGANT Articles. Also, a general assortment of
GROCERIES,
HARD-WARE, CROCKERY, GLASS-WARE,
Hats, Shoes, Leather,
IRON, NAILS, &c. &c. &c.
and shall receive in all this week
700 Bushels Superior
TURKS ISLAND SALT.

The above together with my former stock makes my assortment as general and complete as is usually found in a country store. The above goods will be sold on my usual accommodating terms. I therefore solicit all that wish to purchase any thing in my line, to call at the Brick Store and examine before they purchase elsewhere, as my goods having been all purchased with Cash, I think I am justified in saying I am able to sell on as good terms as my neighbors; and am determined not to be undersold by any one.

Halifax, 17th April, 1829. 11—tf

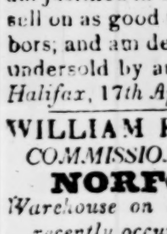
WILLIAM H. REDWOOD,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
NORFOLK, VA.
Warehouse on Woodside's Wharf, recently occupied by Messrs. J. & W. Southgate,

Tenders his services to COUNTRY MERCHANTS, PLANTERS, and LUMBER DEALERS, in the SALE of PRODUCE and LUMBER of every description, & in the PURCHASE of GOODS, for which his commissions will, in all cases, be very moderate.

His attention being confined *solely to Commission Business*, and his knowledge of persons and of the mode of transacting business in the Borough, together with his thorough knowledge of the *Country Business*, will, he hopes, be found advantageous to those who may employ his agency.

Refer to Messrs.
Cole & Sheldon, Ch's L. Wingfield, } *Williamsburg.*
Robert Souter, Shields & Ashburn, Edls. Beacon, } *Norfolk.*
May, 1829. 17—12m

$100 REWARD.



RANAWAY from the subscriber a year past, negro man
HARRY
He is a bright black; about five feet 10 inches high, thirty years old; wears whiskers; has and impediment in his speech, and a down look when spoken to. He is by profession a fiddler, a ditcher and sawyer. I purchased him in Halifax, at sheriff's sale, several years past, sold as the property of Wilson Carter. He has lately been seen in Bertie county, employed both as a ditcher and sawyer. He there passed as a free man. I will give the above reward of one hundred dollars, to any person who will deliver him to the jailor in Halifax, by the 15th October, or fifty dollars, if delivered to him any time thereafter.

B. C. EATON.
Sept. 1, 1829. 30—3w

ANDREW HARRIS,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
NORFOLK, VA.
Recently of Halifax, N. Carolina.

RESPECTFULLY tenders his services to the public in sales of all kinds of PRODUCE, which may be intrusted to his care. His Ware-house is convenient to the wharf, which will save the charge of drayage.

Sept. 2. 30—6m

NOTICE.

Whereas my wife Mary has left my bed and board without any provocation whatever. This is therefore to forwarn all person or persons whatever from harboring or conceiling, or in any way crediting her with any expectation of my paying her contract, as I will not in consequence of her elopement pay no contract which she should make.

ELIAS READ.
Sept. 14, 1829. 33-3t

$30 REWARD

RAN off in the possession and from the premises of W. H. Dickin, on the 26th August last, a negro man belonging to the subscriber, by the name of Altimore, about 24 years of age, large and stout, of rather a down look and smiling countenance, say 5 feet 10 inches high, or upwards. It is believed said negro is lurking about said Dickins' plantation. I will give the above reward for the safe delivery of said negro to me, or deposited in any jail so I get him again.

BLAKE T. SESSUMS.
Sept. 9, 1829. 32-2w

EAGLE HOTEL,

HALIFAX, N. CAROLINA.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public generally, that he has leased that large and commodious house, formerly known by the name of the
BIG TAVERN,
where he is in hopes, his strict attention to his business and the following prices, will ensure to him a portion of the public patronage.

PRICES.

Man and horse per day,	$1 50
Do. board by the year,	150 00
Do. do. per month,	15 00
Do. do. by the day for a man,	1 00
Dinner and horsefeed,	75
Supper,	37 1-2
Breakfast,	37 1-2
Lodging,	12 1-2

J. H. McLEMORE.
August 20, 1829. 28—tm

NOTICE.

THE subscribers inform their friends and the public generally, that they will have a large and extensive
WARE-HOUSE
completed by the 1st of October next, near the river, for the purpose of storing all kinds of produce and packages of every description, which may be intrusted to their care. Our charges shall be moderate, and every exertion used to render general satisfaction.

HAWKINS & HARRIS.
Halifax, Aug. 21, 1829. 29—tf

NOTICE.

The creditors of A. A. B. Stith & Co. are requested to attend at the Mansion House in the town of Halifax, N. Carolina, on the 20th day of January, 1830, either by themselves or their agents, for the purpose of receiving a report of the trustee appointed to collect the debts and making a dividend of the monies collected.

All those who fail to attend will be excluded from the participation in the division.

GEO. R. REESE, Trus.
Sept. 23, 1829. 33-tf

Commission Business.

JOS. L. SIMMONS,

CONTINUES to transact a general COMMISSION BUSINESS in the town of *Halifax*, N. Carolina. He has secure and extensive Warehouses, and hereby promises strict fidelity to the interest of those who may favour him with their business.

For particulars refer to
James Gordon, Norfolk, Va.
Henry Mason, and Andrew Harris, } *Halifax Town, N. C.*
Halifax, N. C. June 18. 21—t

TO THE PRINTERS
Of the United States.

Of late the prices of all the materials used in making Printing Types, have been greatly reduced, and the facility of manufacturing greatly increased. The subscriber therefore has been induced to make a proportionable reduction in the prices, which, from the 1st of April, have been as stated in the annexed list.

The character of the Type made at the Foundry is well known to the Trade, who are assured that in regard to the quality of metal, finish, and durability, no deviation has been made.

He has on hand a complete assortment, and can supply any quantity on a short notice; he will be happy to receive the orders of his customers, which will have immediate attention.

Merchants who have orders from abroad, can have offices complete with Presses, and every thing not necessary for a Printing Establishment, put up in the most perfect manner.

Publishers are requested to give this advertisement a place in their papers a few times to receive payment, $2, in type, or in settlement of their accounts.

RICHARD RONALDSON.
Philadelphia.

PRICES.—At six months credit, for approved paper, or at a discount of 6 per cent. for cash.

Pearl, per lb	$1 10	Great Primer,	34
Nonpareil,	90	Double Pica,	32
Minion,	70	Do. Great Primer,	32
Brevier,	[illegible]		
Burgeois,	45	Large letter, plain	
Long Primer,	40		30
Small Pica,	35	Scabbards & Quotations,	30
Pica,	35		
English,	30		

The prices of other description of Types are proportionably reduced.

Old Type received in payment at 6 cents per lb.
July 9. 26—

NOTICE.

Run away on Tuesday, the 1st instant, my mulattoe boy TOM, about 17 years old. He has an impediment in his speech when closely questioned. His fingers on the right hand wear the appearance of being cut off or burnt. He has a mole or scar on the left lower jaw as well as I recollect, and a very large one on the body, about the loins. The clothes he wore at the time of his going off is not recollected, but I think they were domestic and ragged. A reward of ten dollars will be given for his apprehension and confinement, so that I can get him, or I will give twenty dollars for his delivery by the first or second day of our next Superior Court, or for his confinement so that I can get him here by that time. From recent information I expect he is in Plymouth or its neighborhood, or will shortly be there.

MARTIN READ.
Halifax Town, Sept. 22, 1829. } 33-3t

R. & J. DUNN. & Co.

Have just received and for Sale, a lot of
Govan's Superior Family Flour, the years crop, (1829.) which they will sell low for cash.
Halifax, August, 1829. 27—t

COMMITTED,

TO the jail of Halifax county, North Carolina, on the 25th inst. a negro fellow by the name of **STERLING**, rather over the ordinary size, quite black and about twenty-one years old. He says that he belongs to George W. Campbell, Esq. of Nashville, Tennessee, and that he was sold to Mr. Campbell by a Mr. Heath of Virginia. The owner of said negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take said negro, or he will be dealt with as the law directs.

J. H. SIMMONS.
Aug. 26. 29—3w

POETRY.

PRAYER.

Prayer is the soul's sincere desire,
Utter'd or unexpress'd;
The motion of a hidden fire,
That trembles in the breast.

Prayer is the burden of a sigh,
The falling of a tear;
The upward glancing of an eye,
When none but God is near.

Prayer is the simplest form of speech
That infant lips can try:
Prayer, the sublimest strains that reach
The majesty on high.

Prayer is the Christian's vital breath,
The Christian's native air
The watch-word at the gates of death;
He enters heaven with prayer.

Prayer is the contrite sinner's voice,
Returning from his ways;
While Angels in their songs rejoice,
And cry, "behold he prays!"

In prayer, on earth, the saints are one;
They're one in word and mind;
When with the Father and the Son,
Sweet fellowship they find.

O thou, by whom we come to God,
The life, the truth, the way,
The path of prayer thyself hast trod,
Lord teach us how to pray!

THE FARMER.—The following just and beautiful description we extract from the address of the Hon. Mr. Rowan, of Kentucky, to the citizens of Louisville, on the 18th ult.

Who is there among us that beholds the condition of our farmers, and does not exult in the consciousness that he is an American citizen? The house of the farmer is the abode of the virtues. It is a school in which lessons of practical wisdom are taught. It is a temple in which the precepts of our holy religion are inculcated. It is the castle of sovereignty, for it is owned by its occupant, and he is a free man. It is the residence of peace, order, harmony, and happiness. Patriotism and piety unite in consecrating the place, and in suffusing every countenance with their unction. Indeed what condition in life is so likely to produce that patriotism which will stand the country in stead upon emergencies, or that piety which will afford solace in extremity, as that of the farmer. He occupies a constant, intimate, and sensible relation with Heaven. His mind is subdued with a love of order, by constantly beholding that which prevails around him. The regular succession of the seasons, of day and night, and of seed time and harvest, admonish him to the observance of regularity and order in all his conduct. He perceives that the sun and the moon perform their circuit without loitering on the way; and learns from them, that industry is required at his hands. He looks to heaven through its rains and its dews, for the reward of his labors in the abundance of his crops. He makes the sacred volume of Revelation the man of his council, and source of his consolation. He unites with his wife and children in tones of supplication and strains of praise around the family altar, on the morning and evening of each day. He acknowledges no sovereign but heaven and the people; he bows with appropriate reverence to the will of each, and exults in the freedom of his own—for his homage is a free will offering, claimed at his hand by the convictions of his reason. His affections are conducted by his judgment and not by his fears, in his devotion. Matron chastity and infantile influence sweeten, and Religion hallows the atmosphere of his home, and render it resistlessly attractive. He loves his country because the farm and the domicil of which he is the proprietor, and with which his affections are identified, are a part of that country. His patriotism is an essential part of his conscious identity. Connected by his affections with the soil, and by his piety with Heaven, it partakes of the stability of the former, and the purity of the lattter. It inspires him with holy enthusiasm in the cause of his country, when its honor or its safety is concerned. It is electric, and strikes every contiguous bosom, till it pervades the community.

THE ANTARCTIC EXPEDITION!

The New Bedford Mercury states that Mr. S. N. REYNOLDS and Captain PALMER, are engaged in preparing one of the finest vessels ever built in that or any other port, for an exploring Expedition to the South Seas. The Captain has shipped part of the crew, prepared boats of the best construction, and other articles for the voyage. The Brig is to sail in a few days for New York, to take on board the rest of her crew. We wish success to her and to her enterprising Commander. The expedition is the result of private capital and perserverance; and may it open new branches of trade, and bring home articles sufficiently valuable, to compensate its Projectors. We have no doubt, that Mr. Reynolds will give us a very amusing and instructive detail of all his operations.

AWFUL EVENT.—A most melancholy occurrence took place in Johnson, Vermont, the 30th ult. Mrs. Beecher, wife of Harvey Beecher, in a state of mental alienation murdered her own child, which was nine months old. For some time previous she had been considerably deranged, fancying that she should die soon; that her children would be scattered, and left to suffer, especially her infant; but she appeared perfectly affectionate and inoffensive. In her life she has ever maintained an amiable and christain character, and discharged her domestic duties with fidelity and diligence. And so constantly solicitous was she to promote the happiness of her family that no suspicion was ever excited that she harboured the least malice against any individual.

On the fatal day, at noon she appeared more rational and cheerful than usual. After a short absence, her husband came into the house, and saw her engaged in laying out a child. His first thought was, that she fancied the child would not live. He entered the room and laid his hands on the child's face; it was cold. He asked, 'would it not have been better to have been reading the bible and praying?' She then said, 'the child rolled off the bed, cried and appeared to be in distress. I thought it would be beyond distress, if it was in another world, and if living it would soon be motherless; I took a small chair-post and smote its head. The poor child appeared to be so distressed by the blow that, had it not been wounded, my soul would have shrunk, and I should have desisted!' She related the whole transaction and showed the corpse to visitors without the least apparent sense of fear, sorrow, or guilt. At the funeral, which was attended by a numerous assembly, deeply penetrated with compassion for the distressed husband, a discourse was delivered from these words: 'Let him that thinketh he standeth take heed lest he fall.'

Telegraph.

MEXICO.

The National Gazette contains the following extract of a letter from an intelligent writer in Mexico, addressed to the editor of that paper:

"VERA CRUZ, AUG. 13.

From the measures which this government have taken and are taking, I hazard little in the expression of the belief that the first will have been destroyed before the arrival of the second expedition. About 2000 men have gone from this city and vicinity—all regulars and esteemed good soldiers. Troops have also marched from San. Luis Potosi, Mexico, and other places; all which when united will be under the command of General Santa Ana, who is decidedly one of our most active and enterprising officers. It is supposed that by sending out so small a force as 4000 or 5000 men, Spain must have been under the impression that the inhabitants would immediately flock to her standard: no such thing. They may, and unfortunately do, quarrel among themselves; against the Spaniards they all unite. You may therefore consider this among the most Quixotic enterprises of the day. I send you a file of newspapers, from which you will perceive that both Escoses and Yorbuinos unite in expression of detestation of the Spaniards."

The New-Orleans Courier of the 2d inst. says.—"Commodore LABORDE, commander of the Spanish naval force in the West Indies, arrived here yesterday. He left off the Balize his ship, the Soberno, and two transports, and comes, it is said, to take away the Spanish troops now at the English Turn."

The New York Courier states that letters from Tampico have been received by the brig Eliza, at Philadelphia from Vera Cruz, which state that SANTA ANA had made an attack upon the Spaniards with 2000 men. He was repulsed with the loss of 400 killed and missing the rest of SANTA ANA's army was in the immediate vicinity, and it was expected the next attack would be decisive and end in the total destruction of the Spaniards.

Captain Vermilia, of the ship Crawford, from Leghorn, arrived at New York, informs, that, before his sailing, a Dutch frigate had arrived from Algiers, having on board several Consuls, and other gentlemen, of various nations, and who had left Algiers in consequence of an attack which was expected from the French.

The United States ship Java (all well) sailed three days before the Crawford, for Naples and Messina.

NEW-ORLEANS.—There were one hundred and twenty-nine deaths in New-Orleans, during the week ending the 29th August.

THE WEATHER.—Snow has fallen in Vermont. Hoar frosts were seen in Albany on the 10th 11th, and 12th inst.

HALIFAX:

THURSDAY, OCT. 8, 1829.

"G" next week.

Owing to my continued indisposition, and the fact that I have been unable to procure an assistant, I was unable to issue a paper last week, and can only issue a half sheet this week. The loss, however, falls on myself as I have to make up for all lost numbers at the close of the year. I have, in the course of the year missed publishing the paper several weeks. It has been in every instance, from unavoidable causes. I therefore hope that the public will grant me their indulgence.

PETERSBURG TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

We had the pleasure of observing in our town, last evening, a specimen of those enterprising gentlemen's Waggons, which cannot fail to complete with any other method of transporting produce from this section of country to the Northern markets. Their waggons are of quite a simple construction, and when loaded with a weight of six to seven thousand pounds seems to move with all apparent ease to the horses. Their teams are of the first description, and their Drivers seemingly very respectable

"So we go: competion is the life of business."

A. CITIZEN.

Halifax, Oct. 8th, 1829.

Communicated.

CHEAP EDUCATION.—Tuition and board at Jefferson College, Pennsylvania, for the whole collegiate year, are only 85 dollars. We believe, that it is still cheaper than the cheap education at Kenyon College in the State of Ohio.

A PRECIOUS SPECIMEN!

The Editor of the Fredericksburg Arena states, that he "saw, on Friday a lump of this precious metal (gold) valued at 300 dollars, which was dug up one morning last week before breakfast, on Johnson's farm. The whole day's work amounted to four hundred dollars." A valuable prize indeed, in the Lottery of Mining.

GREAT HOG.—An adventurer in Vermont proposes to visit the South with a live hog, weighing 1400 lbs. raised in Puttney! He wishes to convince the Southrons of the necessity of protecting "home industry."

CAPE-FEAR BANK.—A meeting of the stockholders of this bank has been called, to be held on the second Monday in November next, to take into consideration the matters embraced in a letter from Louis D. Wilson, Esq. on behalf of the commissioners appointed by the state; and especially to signify how far; in what way, and upon what terms, they the stockholders, would consider it advisable to co-operate with the General Assembly in the establishment of a new bank, by the consolidation, or otherwise, of those now in existence.

Carolina Observer.

PORK.—It is the general opinion that Pork will be high. Hogs are said to be scarce, and it is supposed that a much smaller number than usual will be sent to the Southern markets. There will be a good home market at Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington, for all the farmers have to spare.

Lex. K. Reporter.

We are sorry to learn, (says the National Intelligencer,) that the absence of the Postmaster General from the General Post-Office for several days past, which we have incidentally referred to, has been caused by indisposition, serious enough to confine him to his house.

MR. JEFFERSONS WOKS.

We understand, that the four volumns of Mr. Jefferson's Works, have passed the press—and that they are only waiting the engraved portrait and the fac simile of the original Declaration of American Independence to be bound up with them, before they are distributed among the subscribers. They engravings are executing in Philadelphia—and the Work may now be expected to issue in a few days.

Ric. Com.

EMIGRANTS.—About 120 or 130 passengers, principally Welsh and Irish, came over in the Pioneer, arrived at Alexandria on the 22d inst.

CHEAPER YET.—The fare from New-York to Albany, by the North River line of steamboats, has been reduced to half a dollar.

REMARKABLE APPLE TREE.—The last New England Farmer contains an account of an apple tree growing in Goelinitz, which is sixty years old, and bears three hundred and thirty varieties of apples.

PHILADELPHIA, September 22.—The amount of duties that has accrued at the Port of Philadelphia during the second financhial quarter of the present year, is 1,354,139 dollars, 29 cents. The amount that accrued in the second quarter of 1828, was 2,218,114,49. Difference in favour of last year, 863,975,57.

Gazette.

The following remarks are extracted from a Speech recently delivered at a festival in Delaware county by the Hon. James Buchanan of Pensylvania. They exhibit strong and judicious views of the policy pursued by the present administration in regard to removals and appointments, and justify the conduct of the President by arguments which cannot fail to carry conviction to every candid and reflecting mind:—

Charleston Mercury.

"The present administration have been accused of possessing a spirit of proscription. Each removal that they have made, has been blazoned over the country as an evidence of a persecuting and intolerant spirit. Many of the removed officers have even appeal to the people, as though their rights had been violated. But when we consider the circumstances under which General Jackson was elected, we ought perhaps rather to be astonished at the fewness than at the number of removals.

"For eight and twenty years, the line of "safe precedents" had remained unbroken. The supreme magistracy of this country had passed as regularly from the President to his Secretary of State, as the crown of Great Britain descends from the father to the son. In the mean time, there has been but few if any changes in the subordinate officers at Washington except such as occurred in the course of nature. Many men had grown grey in office; and their children had been provided for out of the public purse. The people thought it was time to change this order of things. They believed that abuses existed in the Executive Departments at Washington. They knew that liberty was Hesperian fruit, and ought to be guarded with watchful jealousy. They, therefore, determined that the transactions of the Federal Government should be subjected to a thorough examination; that the light should penetrate the obscure recesses of the different Executive departments. In short they desired to know, in what manner, the men had been in office for eight and twenty years had conducted their affairs. This was a principal cause of the recent change.

"Had General Jackson continued all the subordinate officers in the Departments, had he folded his arms quietly and suffered our concerns to flow on in the same unbroken stream, he would have disobeyed the express commands of the people, and would have violated one of the most important trusts ever conferred upon man. The people did not elect him President as a reward for his past services, great and distinguished as they were; but because they believed his life had furnished assurance that he possessed sufficient integrity and firmness to examine and correct all abuses, wherever they existed. It was his bounden duty to remove such officers as he believed would stand in the way of this investigation. The public good required it. The present administration stands pledged to the people to make this examination, and I have no doubt they will fully redeem their pledge. I ask them how is it possible he could have executed his trust, had he continued those very officers in power whose past conduct was to be subjected to examination? Did any person suppose that he would employ them to sit in judgment upon themselves? We have good reason to presume, that he has removed such of them only, as the public good required."

Charleston Sept. 15.

NEW COTTON.—Three wagon loads of Upland Cotton, of the new crop, arrived in town on Sunday last, the 13th inst. all from Barnwell District. One load of 7 bales is from the plantation of Nash Roach, Esq. who last year had a load of new Cotton came to market on the 26th of August; and for several years previous, was the owner of the first new Cotton brought to this city. Another load of 6 bales, is from the Plantation of Dr. John S. Besliager; this gentleman sent a load to market on the 30th of August last year. The third load of 6 bales is from Mrs. Pinckney's plantation. The quality of the three loads ranges from good to prime, but, as is usual with the first picking, being from the lower bolls, the staple is weak. We understand the 7 bales have been shipped on board the brig *Coral*, to sail this day for New-York, and probably it will be the first new cotton in that market.

Courier.

OUR FOREIGN RELATIONS

The N. Y. Courier and Enquirer concludes an article on the affairs of Portugal as follows.

"We are gratified with the prospect under our venerable 'military chieftain,' of witnessing an entire change in our foreign relations. We are not without hopes, that by a judicious and safe compromise with England on all points of commercial dispute, to recover the colonial trade. We have the best reason to believe that France will settle our claims, and renew the convention, which will enable us to take her wines and silks at low rates of duty, in exchange for similar advantages on our cotton and tobacco. We are strongly impressed with the belief, that our trade to the Levant will be placed on a more profitable footing, and that we shall obtain the free passage of the Dardanelles, which will give to our vessels the carrying trade of the Black Sea. There is a prospect of a complete revival in our trade and commerce, if we are prudent and pacific, and seize upon every available opportunity to push our enterprize, and open new markets for our commerce."

We learn that a most atrocious murder was committed near West River, in this county, on Saturday last. The body of a free coloured woman, much bruised, was discovered, confined by a rope fastened about her neck to the root of a peach tree. The tree was nearly torn from the ground by the struggles of the unfortunate victim, in her vain efforts to free herself. We refrain from giving the particulars which have reached us relative to this diabolical affair, inasmuch as they are founded in statements made by two children of the dec'd, a boy and a girl, both of whom, on account of their colour, are *incompetent* witnesses against those they accuse. For the same reason, justice may slumber for a time, but so sure as the "Recording Angel" has registered this bloody deed in Heaven, its authors will be punished here or hereafter.

Vengeance Divine to punish sin moves slow,
The slower is its pace, the *surer* is its blow.'

Annapolis, Md. Gaz.

The Siamese Boys.—Several singular speculations have recently been published respecting the Siamese Boys at Boston, and a number of nice questions have been propounded, well calculated to perplex moralists & lat in the mongst others, a suggests the Richmond Co[illegible] follow[illegible] one of them should commit any crime, picking the pocket of a visitor or even murdering a fellow creature. In such a case, could the law contrive to punish the guilty, without involving the innocent? We cannot incarcerate or hang the guilty A, without extenting an equal punishment to the innocent B. Would this be consistent with justice? Or if the old rule be observed, that 'it is better for ninety-nine guilty men to escape, than for one innocent man to suffer,' must not A escape lest B. should be unjustly doomed to punishment? Suppose A makes a contract—would B be equally bound by it? And must B be thrown into the debtors' prison with A. when execution goes out against the body?"

DIED,

In this county, on the 26th ult. after a lingering illness of nine weeks, Mrs. MARGARET WHITEHEAD, consort of Mr. HENRY WHITEHEAD.

At Crowells cross Roads in this county, on the 3rd inst. Mr. JESSE B. WIGGINS.

Another Private Academy.

The undesigned having resigned his situation, after the present year, as principal of Quanky Academy, is about to open, on the 1st Monday of January next, a private Institution, to be called *the Brinkleyville Academy;* to be held in a commodious building recently erected. The Location is known to be one of the most healthy in Halifax county. The school building is one mile south of Brinkleyville Post Office, 5 miles north of Farmwell Grove Academy, and about 20 miles equally distant between Halifax and Warrenton.

There are to be virtually the same regulations as so successful in the Quanky Academy.

Tuition, by the grades of study, from $25 to $15, and still lower in the department of mere elementary instruction. Board in respectable families of a thickly settled and moral neighborhood may be had on the moderate terms of $1 or $5 a month.

The subscriber can accommodate in his family a few boarders, if timely application be made. Settlements punctually required at the close of each session of 5 months.

The lady of the principal, as heretofore, may aid to instruct the female part of the school.

Further particulars may be inquired of the subscriber—to continue at Quanky Academy until his removal to Brinkleyville about the 1st of December.

SIDNEY WELLER.

Reference is respectfully made to ex-governor Burton, to Messrs Jos. J. Gray, (a gentleman liberally educated,) S. Davis, R. Vinson and S. Johnston, (living near the site of the school, and whose families, among others, will accommodate boarders,) to Edmund B Freeman, Drs. Wilson and J. T. Clanton of Halifax, and to Rice B. Pierce, J. Bishop and J. Purnell, Trustees of the Quanky Academy, who thus closed their advertisement for the present year:—"the Rev. Sidney Weller, A. M. of whose qualifications it is unnessary now to speak particularly, seeing that we have before stated that he came recommended as an experienced (now 15 years) instructor, by the Trustees of the Academies over which he had presided, in the states of New York and Virginia; and by Dr. Nott, De Witt Clinton, and other individuals of the first standing in our country; and seeing his superintendance in our Institution, has fully realized the expectation raised of his worth as an intelligent and moral guide of youth."

Oct. 5th 34—

NOTICE.

Was taken away from my house, by some person in the neighborhood, on the 15th inst. an uncommon *Cook Shell*, (owing to its having such an unusual long tail). I will give a reward of one dollar to any person who will deliver the said Cook Shell to me, or to Mr. Wiggins, living at Crowells x Roads.

WILLIAM KING.

Sept. 26, 1829. 34—3w

FALL GOODS,

THE Subscribers are now receiving their

Fall & Winter Supplies,

consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware Cutleary, &c.

which, in addition to their former Stock, will make their assortment complete. All of which they will sell on accommodating terms.

HAWKINS & HARRIS.

Halifax, Oct. 7, 1829. 34—tf

LIST OF LETTERS.

Now remaining in the Post Office at Halifax Town, N. C. which, if not taken out before the 1st day of January next, will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters.

When letters are called for please say if they are advertised.

Sept. 30, 1829.

A. James P. Alston Esq. A. Anderson.

B. Thos. Burges, Esq. Dr. A. S. H Burges, Frances E. Brown, Aaron or Matthew Barnes, Baptist Curch of Christ at Daniels Meeting-house.

C. Thos. H. Carson, Esq. 6, Rev. Jos. Carson, Dr. Chas. Cudman, Mrs. Fanny Clark, Clerk of the Conty Court 3, Weldon Carter, Benj. Crawley, James Culbreth.

E. Elisha H. Eure, Esq., William Edmonson.

G. Maj. Charles Gee, Thos. Green 2.

H. James Halliday, Esq., 2, Jno H. Harwell, Daniel Harper, W. J. Hill, Esq. Jesse Holly, Messrs. Hawkins & Harris, Mrs Fanney Hamlin, W. J. Hamlin Esq., Messrs. Charles Hill & co.,

J. Robert A. Jones, Esq 9, Geo. W. Ivy, Wm. M. Jeter, John Johnson, Dr. Jno A. Jelks, Isom K. Rebecca Knight.

L. A. A. Litchford, Esq., Wm. B. Lockhart, Jno. G. Liles, Lem'l Long, N. M. Long, Patience Long.

M. Shadrach Merritt, Messrs A. & H. M'Donold, Mrs. Olivia Manly.

P. James D. Peterson, M. H. Pettway, Esq. 4, Bat. Pearson, Esq., Pastor & Members of the Baptist Bethel Church, O. B Pearson, Rev. Abram Penn, M. T. Ponton, Miss Eliza Powell, M. T Purnell.

S. Sheriff of Halifax County, E. B. Smith, Clerk Sup'r Court, Majr. Stevens, A. A. B. Stith & Co., Henry H. Sealy, John Smith, Sr. 2, Alfred Simmons, Geo. E. Spriall Esq.

T. Capt. James R, Turner.

W. Gen. Eli B. Whitaker, President of the Halifax Bible Society, Jesse B. Wiggins, Jos G. Washington, Dr. Wm. W. Wilkins, Miss Wilmouth Whitaker Littleberry Willcox, Esq. Mrs. Mary R. Willcox, James George White Corporal Grenadier Company 96 Regiment of foot Lucretia Wills, R. Wooden, Esq Henry Wilkes.

JOS. L SIMMONS, P. M.

31—3w

NOTICE.

Having determined to remove from this to the south, I shall offer, at public auction, on Friday the 23d of this month, at my plantation, where I now reside, in the county of Halifax, seven miles below Enfield, all my perishable property, consisting of Horses, Mules, Sheep, Cattle, &c. also my farming utensils, Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting of Mahogony, (the most of which is new and of an excellent quality, having been shipped from New-York in about 12 months,) viz. 2 Bureaus, Sideboard, set of Dining Tables, Dressing Tables, one elegant Bedstead, with many other articles unnessary to mention, such as Beds, Setting Chairs, Crockery-ware, Bacon, Corn, Fodder, &c. Six months credit will be given the purchaser, by giving Bond with approved security, for all sums over Two Dollars—all under Cash.

D. BARROW.

Oct., 1st, 1829. 34—ts

COMMITTED

To the Jail of Halifax county, on Friday the 11th instant, a negro fellow, Tom 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, black complexion, nineteen years old, and says he belongs to a Mr. Hopkins of Wake County North Carolina. The owner of said negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take said negro away, otherwise he will be dealt with as the law directs.

J. H. SIMMONS.

Sept. 15, 1829. 32-3t

BLANKS

Neatly print at this Office.

R. & J. DUNN & Co.

INform their Friends and the Public, that they have received their Fall supply of Goods, which comprises a handsome and extensive assortment of nearly every article, new, fashionable, or desirable in the

DRY GOODS LINE,

A LARGE SUPPLY OF

Groceries of all description;

Hardware, Hats of every Quality, China, Glass, Earthenware, Saddlery, Boots and Shoes, a large assortment of Tin ware, together with an assortment of Sole Upper, Harness, Skirting and Bridle Leather, Calf, Kip, Morocco, and Sheep Skins, Soaps, Perfumery,

LADIES' LEGHORN HATS And Straw Bonnets; Wool Baskets, Brushes of all kinds, Books and Stationary; Tortoise shell, Ivory, & Horn Combs—Paints, Oils, and Drugs; Fine Seal-Skin, and Morocco Caps, Pocket Books, &c. &c.

ALL OF WHICH WILL BE OFFERED AT VERY MODERATE PRICES.

Being confident that they can give satisfaction to those who may call on them, as regards the quality, style, and prices of their Goods, they respectfully invite all who want to purchase, to examine their assortment.

N. B. We will continue to take COTTON for Cash, and to take it in trade or payment. Those of our customers who wish to send their Cotton to Dumas and M'Ilwaine of Petersburgh, to be stored and sold, will find us accommodating in our arrangements, and anxious to promote their interest.

R. & J. D. & Co.

Halifax, N. C. Oct. 5, 1829. 33—

PUBLIC NOTICE.

On Thursday the 29th of October next, I shall offer for sale, at my residence in the county of Halifax, for cash,

Nine Likely Negroes,

consisting of Men, Women & Children. On the same day, my Crop, Stock of all kind, Household and Kitchen Furniture, &c. Also, at the same time, the

TRACT OF LAND

whereon I now live which is thought to be as healthy as any in this section of the country. It contains 152 1-3 acres, lying 14 miles from Halifax Town, seven from Weldon and 25 north of Warrenton. Gentlemen wishing to settle in Weldon would do well to attend the sale.

WARREN POWELL.

Sept. 26, 1829. 32—3w

State of North Carolina,

HALIFAX COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, August Term, 1829.

Geo. R. Reese vs Ann Pastour. } Orig. atta. levied on one lot of land and premises in the Town of Halifax adjoining the lots of Jesse A. Bynum and others, and where on Spear Whitaker now lives.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant in this case, is not an inhabitant of the State; it is therefore ordered that publication be made for six weeks successively in the Halifax Minerva, that unless the said defendant make her personal appearance at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Halifax, at the Court House in Halifax town, on the third Monday in November next, replevy and plead to issue, judgment final will be entered against her and execution issue accordingly.

Teste.

M. H. PETTWAY, Cl.

Price adv. $3 50 33-6w

NOTICE.

On Wednesday, the 14th of October next, will be sold on the premises, the tract of land whereon the late Lewis Willis resided, lying on both sides of Great Creek, 3 miles from Wm. Wilkin's ferry, 12 miles from Weldon, and 14 from Halifax Town. It is a high, airy, well watered and healthy situation, with a dwelling and out houses suitable for the comfortable accommodation of a family. The terms will be three equal annual instalments, with bond and satisfactory security.

Also at the same time and place will be sold the [illegible] estate on a credit of six months, bond and security will likewise be required.

THOMAS [illegible], Jr.

Executor.

Sept. 23, 1829. 33-3t

☞ The Editors of the Ral. Star will give this two insertions, & forward their account to this Office.